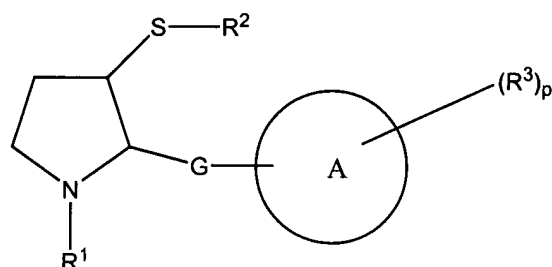


**IN THE SPECIFICATION:**

Please further amend the first paragraph on page 2, line 6 to page 4, line 9, as follows:

**(Currently amended)** According to one aspect of the present invention there is provided an inhibitor of ras farnesylation of Formula I



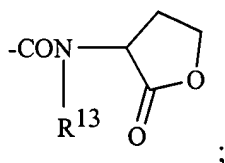
wherein:

**R¹** is selected from H; -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl; -CO-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl; -CO-O-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl; -CO-O-C<sub>2-4</sub>alkenyl; -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylene-CONR<sup>4</sup>R<sup>5</sup> (wherein R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are independently selected from H and C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl); -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylene-COOR<sup>6</sup> (wherein R<sup>6</sup> is selected from H and C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl); -C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylene-Ph and -CO-O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>Ph wherein the phenyl groups in -C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylene-Ph and -CO-O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>Ph are optionally substituted by R<sup>a</sup> and/or R<sup>b</sup> and R<sup>a</sup> and R<sup>b</sup> are independently selected from C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, halogen, hydroxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanoyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanoyloxy, amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)amino, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkanoylamino, nitro, cyano, carboxy, carbamoyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkoxycarbonyl, thiol, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylsulfanyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylsulfonyl and sulfonamido; and n=0-4;

**R²** is selected from H; -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl; -COC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl; and -COOC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl; and -C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylene-Ph optionally substituted on the phenyl ring by R<sup>a</sup> and/or ~~and or~~ R<sup>b</sup>;

**R³** is selected from H; OH; CN; CF<sub>3</sub>; NO<sub>2</sub>; -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl; -C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylene-R<sup>7</sup>; -C<sub>2-4</sub>alkenylene-R<sup>7</sup>; -C<sub>2-4</sub>alkynylene-R<sup>7</sup>; R<sup>7</sup>; OR<sup>7</sup> (where R<sup>7</sup> is selected from phenyl, naphthyl, a 5-10 membered monocyclic or bicyclic heteroaryl ring containing up to 5 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S and any aryl ring in R<sup>7</sup> is optionally substituted by R<sup>a</sup> and/or R<sup>b</sup>);

C<sub>2-4</sub>alkenyl; halogen;  $-(CH_2)_yCOOR^8$  (where  $y = 0-3$  and  $R^8$  represents H, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, or C<sub>2-4</sub>alkenyl);  $-CONR^9R^{10}$  (where  $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  independently represent H, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-4</sub>alkenyl,  $-O-C_{1-4}$ alkyl,  $-O-C_{2-4}alkenyl or  $-C_{1-3}$ alkylenePh (wherein Ph is optionally substituted by  $R^a$  and  $R^b$  as hereinabove defined);  $-CON(R^{11})OR^{12}$  (where  $R^{11}$  and  $R^{12}$  independently represent H, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or C<sub>2-4</sub>alkenyl);  
 a group of Formula II:  $-CONR^{13}-CR^{13a}R^{14}-COOR^{17}$ , (where  $R^{13}$  and  $R^{13a}$  are independently H or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl,  $R^{17}$  is H or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl,  $R^{14}$  is selected from the side chain of a lipophilic amino acid, carbamoylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, N-(monoC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)carbamoylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl and N-(diC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl)carbamoylC<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, the group of Formula II having L or D configuration at the chiral alpha carbon in the corresponding free amino acid; a lactone of formula:$

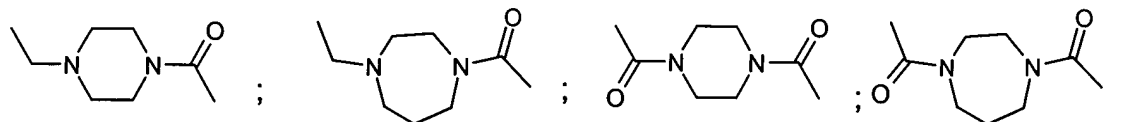


C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl monosubstituted on carbon with  $=N-OH$ ;

a group of Formula  $-X-R^{15}$  (where X is selected from O, CO, CH<sub>2</sub>, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub> and  $R^{15}$  is selected from C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, phenyl, naphthyl, a 5-10 membered monocyclic or bicyclic heteroaryl ring containing up to 5 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S and any aryl ring in  $R^{15}$  is optionally substituted by  $R^a$  and/or  $R^b$ ;

**p** is 0-3 in which  $R^3$  values can be the same or different;

**G** is a linking moiety selected from the following groups written from left to right in Formula I:



(wherein the piperazine and perhydro-1,4-diazepine rings are optionally substituted);

$-CO-NR^{16}-$ ;  $-CH_2-NR^{16}-$ ;  $-CH_2S-$ ;  $-CH_2O-$ ;  $-CH_2-CHR^{16}$ ;  $-CH=CR^{16}-$ ;  $-CH_2NR^{16}-T-$ ;  $-CH_2NR^{16}-SO_2-$ ;  $-CH_2-NR^{16}-CO-T-$ ;  $-CO-NR^{16}-T-$ ;  $-CH_2S-T-$ ;  $-CH_2O-T-$  (where  $R^{16}$  is selected from H, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub>alkylene-Z,  $-CO-C_{1-4}alkylene-Z,  $-CO-C_{1-6}alkyl,  $-COZ$ , Z and$$

Z is selected from -O-C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, phenyl, naphthyl, a 5-10 membered monocyclic or bicyclic heteroaryl ring containing up to 5 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S and any aryl ring in R<sup>16</sup> is optionally substituted by R<sup>a</sup> and/or R<sup>b</sup> as hereinabove defined;

where, T represents -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>- where m is 1-4 and T is optionally monosubstituted with any value of R<sup>16</sup> other than H; and

where T<sup>1</sup> represents -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m<sup>1</sup></sub>- wherein m<sup>1</sup> is 0-4 and T<sup>1</sup> is optionally monosubstituted with any value of R<sup>16</sup> other than H);

A is selected from phenyl; naphthyl; a 5-10 membered monocyclic or bicyclic heteroaryl ring containing up to 5 heteroatoms where the heteroatoms are independently selected from O, N & S;

or a -S-S- dimer thereof when R<sup>2</sup>=H; or a N-oxide thereof;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, prodrug or solvate thereof.